



**SULLIDEN**  
MINING CAPITAL

# **Sulliden Mining Capital Inc.**

**(An Exploration Stage Mining Company)**

## **CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**For the three and nine months ended April 30, 2015 and 2014**

**(Unaudited, expressed in Canadian dollars)**

**SULLIDEN MINING CAPITAL INC.**  
**Condensed Interim Statements of Financial Position**  
**(Unaudited, Expressed in Canadian dollars)**

As at	Notes	April 30, 2015	July 31, 2014
<b>ASSETS</b>			
<b>Current assets</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 1,314,289	\$ 1
Fixed-income investments	6	13,751,540	-
Investments, at fair market value through profit and loss	7	6,891,878	-
Loans receivable	8	185,996	-
Amounts receivable and other		26,644	-
Prepaid expenses		45,413	-
<b>Total current assets</b>		<b>22,215,760</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>Non-current assets</b>			
Investment in associate	9	1,962,221	-
Exploration and evaluation assets	10	134,126	133,538
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>		<b>\$ 24,312,107</b>	<b>\$ 133,539</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND EQUITY</b>			
<b>Current liabilities</b>			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		\$ 159,774	\$ -
<b>Total current liabilities</b>		<b>159,774</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>			
Share capital	5,11	26,540,163	1
Contribution from Sulliden Gold Corporation		-	149,403
Share purchase warrant reserve	5,12	468,081	-
Share-based payment reserve	13	(325,623)	-
Deficit		(2,530,288)	(15,865)
<b>Total shareholders' equity</b>		<b>24,152,333</b>	<b>133,539</b>
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>		<b>\$ 24,312,107</b>	<b>\$ 133,539</b>

**Commitments and contingences (Note 18)**  
**Subsequent event (Note 19)**

Approved by the Board of Directors:

Signed "Pierre Pettigrew", Director

Signed "Justin Reid", Director

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.*

**SULLIDEN MINING CAPITAL INC.****Condensed Interim Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss****(Unaudited, Expressed in Canadian dollars)**

		Three months ended April 30,		Nine months ended April 30,	
		2015	2014	2015	2014
<b>Expenses</b>	Note				
Share-based payments	13	\$ 182,756	\$ 279	\$ 1,480,240	\$ 2,021
Professional, consulting and management fees		431,744	-	1,242,852	-
General and administrative expenses	14	149,304	1,073	445,930	2,938
		<u>763,804</u>	<u>1,352</u>	<u>3,169,022</u>	<u>4,959</u>
<b>Other</b>					
Interest (income)		(57,109)	(116)	(197,073)	(414)
Loan arrangement fees	8	-	-	(35,000)	-
Foreign exchange loss		70,134	-	70,134	-
Loss from investment in associate		23,585	-	23,585	-
Realized (gain) on sale of investments		(117,887)	-	(117,887)	-
Unrealized (gain) on investments	7	(390,660)	-	(403,141)	-
		<u>\$ (291,867)</u>	<u>\$ (1,236)</u>	<u>\$ (2,509,640)</u>	<u>\$ (4,545)</u>
<b>Net loss and comprehensive loss for the period</b>					
<b>Net loss per share</b>					
Basic and diluted		\$ (0.01)	\$ -	\$ (0.07)	\$ -
<b>Weighted average common shares outstanding</b>					
Basic and diluted		36,862,851	-	34,208,977	-

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.*

**SULLIDEN MINING CAPITAL INC.**  
**Condensed Interim Statements of Cash Flows**  
**(Unaudited, Expressed in Canadian dollars)**

	Nine months ended April 30,	
	2015	2014
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM:</b>		
<b>Operating activities</b>		
Net loss for the period	\$ (2,509,640)	\$ (4,545)
Items not involving cash		
Share-based payments	1,480,240	2,021
Deferred share unit payment	(13,407)	-
Loss from investment in associate	23,585	-
Realized (gain) on sale of investments	(117,887)	-
Unrealized (gain) on investment	(403,141)	-
Foreign exchange loss	70,504	-
	<u>(1,469,746)</u>	<u>(2,524)</u>
Net change in non-cash working capital items:		
Amounts receivable and prepaid expenses	(72,056)	-
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	123,946	-
	<u>51,890</u>	<u>-</u>
Cash flows used in operating activities	<u>(1,417,856)</u>	<u>(2,524)</u>
<b>Financing activities</b>		
Contribution from Sulliden Gold Corporation Ltd.	24,773,514	103,947
Proceeds from exercise of warrants and options	81,560	-
Payment for restricted share units	(1,756,629)	-
Share issue	1,999,983	-
Share issue expenses	(1,000)	-
Cash flows from financing activities	<u>25,097,428</u>	<u>103,947</u>
<b>Investing activities</b>		
Fixed-income investments	(13,751,540)	-
Investments	(8,985,146)	-
Proceeds from sale of investments	557,986	-
Loans receivable	(185,996)	-
Exploration and evaluation asset	(588)	(101,423)
Cash flows used in investing activities	<u>(22,365,284)</u>	<u>(101,423)</u>
<b>Net change in cash and cash equivalents</b>	1,314,288	-
<b>Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the period</b>	1	-
<b>Cash and cash equivalents, end of the period</b>	<u>\$ 1,314,289</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS CONSIST OF:</b>		
Cash	\$ 931,645	\$ -
Cash equivalents	382,644	-
	<u>\$ 1,314,289</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
<b>SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION</b>		
Fixed income investments	\$ 13,751,540	\$ -

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the presentation in the current year.

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.*

**SULLIDEN MINING CAPITAL INC.****Condensed Interim Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity****(Unaudited, Expressed in Canadian dollars)**

	Number of Shares	Share Capital	Share purchase warrant reserve	Share-based payment reserve	Contribution from Sulliden Gold Corporation	Deficit	Total Shareholders' equity
<b>Balance as at July 31, 2014</b>	1	\$ 1	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 149,403	\$ (15,865)	\$ 133,539
Contribution from Sulliden Gold Corporation	31,590,892	24,927,700	4,409	-	(149,403)	(9,192)	24,773,514
Shares issued for cash	4,999,959	1,999,983	-	-	-	-	1,999,983
Share issue expenses	-	(1,000)	-	-	-	-	(1,000)
Value of warrants issued	-	(468,081)	468,081	-	-	-	-
Expiry of warrants, valuation reallocation	-	-	(4,409)	-	-	4,409	-
Shares issued on exercise of options	272,000	81,560	-	-	-	-	81,560
Share-based compensation	-	-	-	(325,623)	-	-	(325,623)
Other comprehensive loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net loss for the period	-	-	-	-	-	(2,509,640)	(2,509,640)
<b>Balance as at April 30, 2015</b>	<b>36,862,852</b>	<b>\$ 26,540,163</b>	<b>\$ 468,081</b>	<b>\$ (325,623)</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ (2,530,288)</b>	<b>\$ 24,152,333</b>

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.*

## **Sulliden Mining Capital Inc.**

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements

April 30, 2015 and 2014

(Unaudited, expressed in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted)

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### **1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS**

Sulliden Mining Capital Inc. ("SMC" or the "Company") was incorporated under the Business Corporations Act (Ontario) on June 10, 2014 and was a wholly-owned subsidiary of Sulliden Gold Corporation Ltd. ("Sulliden"). The head office of the Company is located at 65 Queen Street West, Suite 800, Toronto, Ontario, M5H 2M5 and the registered office of the Company is located at the same address.

On August 5, 2014, Sulliden completed an Arrangement as described in Note 5 that resulted in SMC obtaining title to an exploration property located in Quebec and receiving \$24.76 million in cash. The Company's shares are listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange ("TSX") under the symbol "SMC".

### **2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The condensed interim financial statements of the Company have been prepared by management in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") applicable to the preparation of interim financial statements, including IAS 34, *Interim Financial Reporting*. The condensed consolidated interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the annual financial statements for the year ended July 31, 2014, which have been prepared in accordance with IFRS as issued by the IASB.

These financial statements were approved and authorized for issuance by the Board of Directors of the Company on June 12, 2015.

### **3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

#### **Basis of measurement**

The condensed interim financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. These condensed interim financial statements are presented in Canadian Dollar, which is the Company's presentation currency.

#### *a) Cash and cash equivalents*

Cash and cash equivalents are carried in the statement of financial position at amortized cost. Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on deposit with banks and highly liquid short-term interest-bearing securities with maturities at the date of purchase of three months or less.

#### *b) Fixed income investments*

Fixed income investments, consisting of guaranteed investment certificates with maturities at the date of purchase of three months or more, are carried in the statement of financial position at amortized cost.

#### *c) Amounts receivable and other*

Amounts receivable and other receivables are amounts that are due from others in the normal course of business. If collection is expected in one year or less, they are classified as current assets; if not, they are presented as noncurrent assets and discounted accordingly. Accounts receivables are initially recognized at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method less any provision for impairment.

## **Sulliden Mining Capital Inc.**

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements

April 30, 2015 and 2014

(Unaudited, expressed in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted)

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### **3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

#### *d) Financial instruments*

The Company classifies its financial instruments in the following categories: at fair value through profit and loss, loans and receivables, available-for-sale and other financial liabilities. The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets or liabilities were acquired. Management determines the classification of financial assets and liabilities at initial recognition. Where the Company expects to realize the asset or discharge the liability within twelve months, it is recorded as a current asset or liability; otherwise, it is recorded as a long-term asset or liability.

#### Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit and loss

Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit and loss are considered to be held for trading. A financial asset or liability classified in this category is acquired principally for the purpose of selling or redeeming in the short-term. Derivatives are included in this category unless they are designated as hedges. Financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value through profit and loss are initially recognized at fair value and are subsequently re-measured to their fair value at the end of the reporting period. Realized and unrealized gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of these financial assets or liabilities are included in the statement of operations in the period in which they arise.

#### Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are classified as current assets or non-current assets based on their maturity date. The Company classifies its Accounts receivable, other assets and cash and cash equivalents in the statement of financial position, as loans and receivables. Loans and receivables are initially recognized at fair value and subsequently carried at amortized cost less any impairment.

#### Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred, and are subsequently stated at amortized cost. Any difference between the amounts originally received (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognized in the statement of income over the period to maturity using the effective interest method.

#### Fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of financial instruments that are traded in active markets at each reporting date is determined by reference to quoted market prices or dealer price quotations (bid price for long positions and ask price for short positions), without any deduction for transaction costs.

For financial instruments not traded in an active market, the fair value is determined using appropriate valuation techniques. Such techniques may include using recent arm's length market transactions; reference to the current fair value of another instrument that is substantially the same; discounted cash flow analysis or other valuation models.

#### Impairment of financial assets

The Company assesses at the end of the reporting period whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. An evaluation is made as to whether a decline in fair value is significant or prolonged based on indicators such as significant adverse changes in the market, economic or legal environment.

## **Sulliden Mining Capital Inc.**

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements

April 30, 2015 and 2014

(Unaudited, expressed in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted)

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### **3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

#### *d) Financial instruments (continued)*

Derecognition of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets are derecognized when the investments mature or are sold and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred. A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expired. Gains and losses on derecognition are recognized within interest and other income and finance costs, respectively.

#### *e) Investments in associates*

An associate is an entity over which the Company has significant influence, but not control, and is neither a subsidiary, nor an interest in a joint venture. Investments in which the Company has the ability to exercise significant influence are accounted for by the equity method. Under this method, the investment is initially recorded at cost and adjusted thereafter to record the Company's share of post-acquisition earnings or loss of the investee as if the investee had been consolidated. The carrying value of the investment is also increased or decreased to reflect the Company's share of capital transactions, including amounts recognized in other comprehensive income ("OCI"), and for accounting changes that relate to periods subsequent to the date of acquisition. Where there is objective evidence that the investment in associates is impaired, the amount of impairment, calculated as the difference between the recoverable amount of the associate and its carrying value, is deducted from the carrying value and recognized as a loss in the consolidated statements of operations.

#### *f) Exploration and evaluation assets*

Exploration and evaluation assets include costs to establish an initial mineral resource and determine whether inferred mineral resources can be upgraded to measured and indicated mineral resources and whether measured and indicated mineral resources can be converted to proven and probable reserves. Costs incurred before the Company has obtained the legal right to explore an area are recognized in the statement of operations and comprehensive income (loss).

Exploration and evaluation relating to the acquisition of, exploration for and development of mineral properties are capitalized and include, but are not restricted to: drilling, trenching, sampling, surveying and gathering exploration data; calculation and definition of mineral resource; test work on geology, metallurgy, mining, geotechnical and geophysical; and conducting geological, geophysical, engineering, environmental, marketing and financial studies.

Capitalized costs, including general and administrative costs, are only allocated to the extent that these costs can be related directly to operational activities in the relevant area of interest where it is considered likely to be recoverable by future exploitation or sale or where the activities have not reached a stage which permits a reasonable assessment of the existence of reserves.

Exploration and evaluation activities involve the search for mineral resources/reserves, the assessment of technical and operational feasibility and the determination of an identified mineral reserve's commercial viability. Once the legal right to explore has been acquired, exploration and evaluation expenditures less recoveries are capitalized by property.

Capitalized exploration and evaluation assets for a project are classified as such until the project demonstrates technical feasibility and commercial viability. Upon demonstrating technical feasibility and commercial viability, and subject to an impairment analysis, capitalized exploration and evaluation assets are transferred to mine development costs. Technical feasibility and commercial viability generally coincides with the establishment of proven and probable reserves and/or a decision to commence construction of a mine; however, this determination may be impacted by management's assessment of certain modifying factors including: legal, environmental, social and governmental factors. All subsequent expenditure on the construction, installation or completion of infrastructure facilities is capitalized within mine development costs.

## Sulliden Mining Capital Inc.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements

April 30, 2015 and 2014

(Unaudited, expressed in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted)

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### 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### f) *Exploration and evaluation assets (Continued)*

All capitalized exploration and evaluation assets are monitored for indications of impairment. Indicators of impairment include, but are not limited to:

- the period for which the right to explore is less than one year;
- further exploration expenditures are not anticipated;
- a decision to discontinue activities in a specific area; and
- the existence of sufficient data indicating that the carrying amount of an exploration and evaluation asset is unlikely to be recovered from the development or sale of the asset.

Where a potential impairment is indicated, assessments are performed for each area of interest. To the extent that mine development assets are not expected to be recovered, they are charged to operations.

#### g) *Impairment of property and equipment and mine development assets*

Property and equipment and mine development assets are subject to impairment testing whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable. At each reporting date, the Company conducts an internal review of asset values which is used as a source of information to assess for any indicators of impairment. External factors, such as changes in expected future metals prices, trends in production costs, and other market factors are also monitored to assess for indicators of impairment. If any indications of impairment exist, an estimate of the asset's recoverable amount is calculated, being the higher of fair value less costs to sell and the asset's value in use.

If the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its recoverable amount based on the Company's calculations, then an impairment charge is recorded to the statement of operations and the carrying amount of the asset on the statement of financial position is reduced to its recoverable amount.

Fair value less costs to sell is determined as the amount that would be recovered from the sale of an asset in an arm's length transaction between knowledgeable and willing parties. Fair value less costs to sell is generally determined as the present value of estimated future cash flows expected to arise from the continued use of the asset, including any expansion prospects, and its eventual disposal, and discounted by an appropriate post-tax discount rate to arrive at a net present value.

Value in use is determined as the present value of the estimated future cash flows expected to arise from the continued use of the asset in its present form and its eventual disposal. Value in use is determined by applying assumptions specific to the Company's continued use and cannot take into account future development discounted by an appropriate pre-tax discount rate. As such, these assumptions differ from those used in calculating fair value less costs to sell.

In considering for indicators of impairment and performing impairment calculations, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows (cash generating units). Cash generating units are the smallest identifiable group of assets, liabilities and associated goodwill that generate cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. The estimates of future discounted cash flows are subject to risks and uncertainties, including proven and probable reserves and a portion of measured and indicated resources that are reasonably expected to be converted into proven and probable reserves, future metals prices, discount rates, estimated capital and operating costs and exchange rates.

A previously recognized impairment loss on property and equipment is reversed if the recoverable amount increases as a result of a reversal of the conditions that originally resulted in impairment. This reversal is recognized in the statement of operations and is limited to the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of amortization, had no impairment loss been recognized in prior years.

## Sulliden Mining Capital Inc.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements

April 30, 2015 and 2014

(Unaudited, expressed in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted)

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### 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### *h) Share-based payments*

Equity-settled share-based payments to employees and others providing similar services are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments at the grant date. Details regarding the determination of the fair value of equity-settled share-based transactions are set out in the share-based payment note (note 12).

The fair value determined at the grant date of the equity-settled share-based payments is expensed on a graded-vesting basis over the period during which the employee becomes unconditionally entitled to equity instruments, based on the Company's estimate of equity instruments that will eventually vest. At the end of each reporting period, the Company revises its estimate of the number of equity instruments expected to vest. The impact of the revision of the original estimates, if any, is recognised in the statement of operations and comprehensive loss such that the cumulative expense reflects the revised estimate, with a corresponding adjustment to the share-based payment reserve.

Equity-settled share-based payment transactions with parties other than employees are measured at the fair value of the goods or services received, except where that fair value cannot be estimated reliably, in which case they are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments granted, measured at the date the Company obtains the goods or the counterparty renders the service. For those options that expire after vesting, the recorded value is transferred to retained earnings (deficit).

- Restricted Share Units ("RSU")

RSUs are granted to officers and employees under the terms of the Company's RSU Incentive Plan. The Company recognizes compensation expense equal to the market value of the common shares of the Company at the date of grant based on the number of RSUs expected to vest, recognized over the term of the vesting period using the graded vesting method, with a corresponding credit to share-based payment reserve for equity settled RSUs. The RSUs vest in three equal tranches, on each of January 1, 2015, January 1, 2016 and January 1, 2017. Compensation expense is adjusted for subsequent changes in management's estimate of the number of RSUs that are expected to vest. The effect of these changes is recognized in the period of change. A trustee acting on behalf of the RSU holders purchases shares of the Company from the open market to distribute to RSU holders as compensation. These shares are restricted and reserved in trust for issuances. Upon settlement of equity settled RSUs, any difference between the cost of the shares purchased on the open market and the amount of credited to share-based payment reserve remains in share-based payment reserve.

- Deferred Share Units ("DSUs")

DSUs are granted to the Company's non-executive directors under the terms of the Company's DSU Incentive Plan. The initial fair value of the DSU compensation liability is calculated at the date of grant based on the Company's share price on grant date. Subsequently, at each reporting date and on settlement, the DSU compensation liability is remeasured, with any change in fair value recorded as compensation expense in the statement of loss and comprehensive loss in the period. The fair value of the DSUs is marked to the quoted market price of the Company's common shares at each reporting date. The DSUs are settled in cash. The DSUs vest based on the pro-rata number of days each independent director remains a director of the Company until term, except in the event of an earlier change of control, in which case, the DSUs will vest fully upon such change of control.

#### *i) Loss per share*

Earnings (loss) per share is based on the weighted average number of common shares of the Company outstanding during the period. The diluted earnings (loss) per share reflects the potential dilution of common share equivalents, such as outstanding share options and warrants, in the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period, if dilutive. No exercise or conversion is assumed during periods in which a net loss is incurred as the effect is anti-dilutive.

## **Sulliden Mining Capital Inc.**

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements

April 30, 2015 and 2014

(Unaudited, expressed in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted)

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### **3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

#### *j) Investment income*

Investment income is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably. Investment income is on an accrual basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable.

#### *k) Foreign exchange translation*

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate in effect at the date of the transaction. Foreign denominated monetary assets and liabilities are translated to their Canadian dollar equivalents using foreign exchange rates prevailing at the statement of financial position date. Non-monetary items are translated into Canadian dollars at the exchange rate in effect on the respective transaction dates. Revenues and expenses are translated at average rates for the period, except for amortization, which is translated on the same basis as the related asset. Exchange gains or losses arising on foreign currency translation are reflected in profit or loss for the year unless the monetary item forms part of the reporting entity's net investment in a foreign operation, in which case, exchange gains or losses are reflected in other comprehensive income.

### **4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS**

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires the Company's management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions about future events that affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and related notes to the consolidated financial statements. Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge of the amount, event or actions, actual results may differ from those estimates. The areas which require management to make significant judgments, estimates and assumptions in determining carrying values include, but are not limited to:

- Valuation of Exploration and evaluation assets - The Company carries its mineral properties at cost less any impairment losses. The Company capitalizes exploration and evaluation costs, which are related to specific projects, until the commercial feasibility of the project is determinable or the project is determined to be impaired. Costs are charged to operations when a property is abandoned or when impairment in value has been determined. The Company reviews the carrying values of mining properties and related expenditures whenever indicators of impairment exist or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying values may not be recoverable. In undertaking this review, management is required to make significant estimates which are subject to various risks and uncertainties. Estimates may include, but are not limited to estimates of future metal prices, capital and operating costs, the quantities of mineral reserves to be mined and expected recoveries of minerals contained in ore, the ability to convert resources into economically mineable reserves, discount rates and; in the case of fair value less costs to sell, the discounted future after-tax cash flows expected to be derived from the Company's mining properties, costs to sell the properties and the appropriate discount rate. Reductions in metal price forecasts, increases in estimated future costs of production, increases in estimated future capital costs, reductions in the amount of recoverable mineral reserves and mineral resources and/or adverse current economics can result in a write-down of the carrying amounts of the Company's mineral properties and exploration and evaluation assets.

## **Sulliden Mining Capital Inc.**

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements

April 30, 2015 and 2014

(Unaudited, expressed in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted)

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### **4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS (Continued)**

- Income taxes and recoverability of potential deferred tax assets - In assessing the probability of realizing income tax assets recognized, management makes estimates related to expectations of future taxable income, applicable tax planning opportunities, expected timing of reversals of existing temporary differences and the likelihood that tax positions taken will be sustained upon examination by applicable tax authorities. In making its assessments, management gives additional weight to positive and negative evidence that can be objectively verified. Estimates of future taxable income are based on forecasted cash flows from operations and the application of existing tax laws in each jurisdiction. The Company considers relevant tax planning opportunities that are within the Company's control, are feasible and within management's ability to implement. Examination by applicable tax authorities is supported based on individual facts and circumstances of the relevant tax position examined in light of all available evidence. Where applicable tax laws and regulations are either unclear or subject to ongoing varying interpretations, it is reasonably possible that changes in these estimates can occur that materially affect the amounts of income tax assets recognized. Also, future changes in tax laws could limit the Company from realizing the tax benefits from the deferred tax assets. The Company reassesses unrecognized income tax assets at each reporting period.
- Share-Based Payments - Management determines costs for share-based payments using market-based valuation techniques. The fair value of the market-based and performance-based non-vested share awards are determined at the date of grant using generally accepted valuation techniques. Assumptions are made and judgment used in applying valuation techniques. These assumptions and judgments include estimating the future volatility of the stock price, expected dividend yield, future employee turnover rates and future employee stock option exercise behaviors and corporate performance. Such judgments and assumptions are inherently uncertain. Changes in these assumptions affect the fair value estimates.
- Investment in Aguia Resources Ltd. ("Aguia") – On April 7, 2015, the Company's President and CEO, Mr. Justin Reid, was appointed to the Board of Directors of Aguia. As a result, management has re-assessed the level of influence that the Company has with respect to Aguia and determined that the Company has significant influence despite owning 15.45% of the outstanding common shares of Aguia at April 30, 2015. On this basis, the investment, which had been accounted for as FVTPL on the statement of financial position prior to April 7, 2015, is now considered an associate and is accounted for using the equity method. In addition, management determined the value of its 1% net smelter return royalty ("NSR") on the Rio Grande project held by Aguia is \$nil as of April 30, 2015 based on the uncertainty due to the early stage of the project. The Company reviews the carrying value of the investment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that impairment may be present. Estimates are made and assumptions are used in this review, and these are subject to various risks and uncertainties which may ultimately have an effect on the expected recoverability of the carrying value of this investment.

### **5. ARRANGEMENT WITH RIO ALTO MINING LIMITED**

On August 5, 2014, Rio Alto Mining Limited ("Rio Alto") and Sulliden Gold Corporation Ltd. ("Sulliden") completed a previously announced plan of arrangement (the "Arrangement"). Pursuant to the Arrangement, Rio Alto acquired each outstanding common share of Sulliden for 0.525 of a Rio Alto common share. In addition, shareholders of Sulliden received 0.10 of a common share of the Company for each common share of Sulliden held.

Pursuant to the close of the Arrangement, continuity of interest accounting was reflected in the financial statements as at July 31, 2014. The statement of financial position as at July 31, 2014 assumed East Sullivan property in the amount of \$133,538, contribution from Sulliden in the amount of \$149,403 and accumulated deficit from East Sullivan in the amount of \$15,865.

## Sulliden Mining Capital Inc.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements

April 30, 2015 and 2014

(Unaudited, expressed in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted)

### 5. ARRANGEMENT WITH RIO ALTO MINING LIMITED (continued)

Upon completion of the Arrangement, the Company assumed Sulliden's interests in the East Sullivan property in the amount of \$133,538 and was capitalized with \$24,760,514 in cash and \$13,000 in accounts receivable, net of transaction costs of \$226,486. The transaction costs of \$226,486 were incurred by the Company as part of the Rio Alto Arrangement and reorganization of the Company. As well, the Company issued 1,887,640 warrants and 31,590,892 common shares to the shareholders of Sulliden and 2,094,430 options to the employees, directors and consultants of Sulliden.

On August 5, 2014, the Company received the following contributions:

#### Contributions from Sulliden Gold Corporation Ltd.

Cash	\$	24,760,514
Amount receivable		13,000
Exploration and evaluation assets		133,538
Retained earnings		25,057
	\$	<u>24,932,109</u>

#### Allocation of the contributions

Common shares	\$	24,927,700
Warrants		4,409
	\$	<u>24,932,109</u>

### 6. FIXED INCOME INVESTMENTS

Fixed income investments of \$13,751,540 (July 31, 2014 – \$nil) represent guaranteed investment certificates with Schedule One Canadian chartered banks earning income at a rate of 1.35%.

### 7. INVESTMENTS

As at April 30, 2015, the Company carried investments in certain public resource and other sector companies. These securities are classified as fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"). As of April 30, 2015, these securities have estimated fair value of \$6,891,878 (see Note 16).

<u>Public Issuer</u>	<u>Note</u>	<u>Security description</u>	<u>Cost</u>	<u>Estimated Fair value</u>
<u>Current assets</u>				
Belo Sun Mining Corporation*		13,660,222 common shares	3,024,381	2,732,044
Aberdeen International Inc.*	i	4,790,000 common shares	736,564	670,600
		4,790,000 warrants	221,436	120,493
Kombat Copper Inc.*	ii	4,000,000 common shares	140,000	360,000
		4,000,000 warrants	60,000	200,821
Others			2,132,066	2,807,920
			\$ 6,314,447	\$ 6,891,878

\* Investments in related party entities –see Note 17.

## **Sulliden Mining Capital Inc.**

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### **7. INVESTMENTS (continued)**

i. The Company acquired 4,790,000 units of Aberdeen International Inc. Each unit is comprised of one common share and one share purchase warrant, with each warrant entitling the Company to acquire one common share at a price of \$0.30 until November 24, 2019. The grant date fair value of the warrants was estimated to be \$221,435 using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: expected dividend yield of 0%; expected volatility of 47%; risk-free interest rate of 1.52% and an expected average life of 5 years. The warrants were revalued at April 30, 2015 at an estimated value of \$120,493 using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: expected dividend yield of 0%; expected volatility of 48%; risk-free interest rate of 0.98% and an expected average life of 4.5 years.

ii. The Company acquired 4,000,000 units of Kombat Copper Inc. Each unit is comprised of one common share and one share purchase warrant, with each warrant entitling the Company to acquire one common share at a price of \$0.10 until February 17, 2017. The grant date fair value of the warrants was estimated to be \$60,000 using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: expected dividend yield of 0%; expected volatility of 112%; risk-free interest rate of 0.46% and an expected average life of 2 years. The warrants were revalued at April 30, 2015 at an estimated value of \$200,000 using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: expected dividend yield of 0%; expected volatility of 119%; risk-free interest rate of 0.68% and an expected average life of 1.8 years.

The Company sold certain other investments for proceeds of \$557,986 recognizing a gain on sale of investments of \$117,887 for the three and nine months ended April 30, 2015. As a result of the fair value adjustment to the investments held by the Company at April 30, 2015, an unrealized gain of \$390,660 and \$403,141 was recognized for the three and nine months ended April 30, 2015 (2014: \$nil).

### **8. LOAN RECEIVABLE**

(a) On January 30, 2015, the Company entered into a loan agreement with Alder Resources Ltd. in the amount of \$20,000. The loan will be due and payable on the earlier of (i) March 29, 2015 and; (ii) the date upon which the borrower completes a financing for gross process of \$100,000 or more. The Loan carries an interest rate of 20% per annum. On April 23, 2015, the Company entered into a settlement agreement to settle this debt through the issuance of shares of Alder Resources Ltd. As at April 30, 2015, the debt remains outstanding and no settlement shares have been received. The borrower is a related party of the Company by virtue of common director.

(b) The Company entered into a loan agreement on February 28, 2015 with Coastal Gold Corp. ("Coastal Gold") providing for a line of credit of up to \$150,000. This was subsequently amended to a line of credit of up to \$200,000. As at April 30, 2015, Coastal Gold had drawn down \$160,217 with accrued interest of \$2,728. The loan carries an interest rate of 10% per annum. Repayment of the loan is to occur at the earlier of i) the completion of a proposed acquisition by the Company of all the issued and outstanding shares of Coastal Gold; ii) the termination by Coastal Gold of said proposed transaction at the acceptance of a superior offer by Coastal Gold; or iii) the date that is twelve months following the date of the loan agreement. Subsequent to the end of the quarter, Coastal Gold provided notice of termination of the proposed acquisition agreement as they received a superior offer. Coastal Gold repaid the loan balance in full as well as a \$250,000 termination fee.

(c) On October 31, 2014, the Company entered into a loan agreement in the amount of \$700,000. The loan was due and payable on the earlier of (i) January 31, 2015; (ii) the date upon which the borrower completed a business acquisition; (iii) the date upon which the borrower completed a financing for gross process of no less than \$5,000,000 or; (iv) the date upon which the Company may declare the principal to be due and owing pursuant to an event of default. The Loan carried an interest rate of 20% per annum. In addition, the Company received an arrangement fee of \$35,000. The loan was repaid on January 30, 2015. The company recorded the arrangement fee of \$35,000 as other income and recorded interest income of \$34,904 on the statement of loss and comprehensive loss related to the loan.

## Sulliden Mining Capital Inc.

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### 9. INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATE

The Company acquired 46,222,913 shares of Aguia during the nine months ended April 30, 2015, representing a 15.45% interest in Aguia. Aguia is incorporated in Australia and listed on the ASX. Aguia's primary focus is on the exploration and development of large scale phosphate and potash projects in Brazil. The Company also acquired a 1% NSR on the Rio Grande project held by Aguia. Aguia has the option to buy-back the NSR royalty for AUD\$1,000,000 at any time up to November 2017. The aggregate purchase price paid for the shares and NSR royalty is AUD\$2,262,590 (\$2,223,853).

On April 7, 2015, the Company's President and CEO, Mr. Justin Reid, was appointed as Executive Chairman of the Board of Aguia. As a result, management has re-assessed the level of influence that the Company has with respect to Aguia and determined that the Company has significant influence. On this basis, the investment, which had been accounted for as FVTPL on the statement of financial position prior to April 7, 2015, is now considered an associate and is accounted for using the equity method.

July 31, 2014	-
Acquisition of 46,222,913 shares at cost	\$2,223,853
Fair market valuation adjustment to April 7, 2015	(177,081)
Foreign exchange translation adjustments	(60,966)
Proportionate share of net loss	(23,585)
April 30, 2015	\$1,962,221

Fair market value of 46,222,913 shares at April 30, 2015      \$      3,040,437

The Company is not exposed to any additional losses beyond its initial investment amount. No dividends or cash distributions were received by the Company from the associate during the period.

The Company recorded an equity loss of \$23,585 for the three and nine months ended April 30, 2015 which represents the proportionate share of Aguia's net loss through the period from April 7 to April 30, 2015.

The following is a summary of the consolidated financial information of Aguia on a 100% basis as at December 31, 2014, which is the most recent publicly available information for Aguia. Aguia has a June fiscal year end.

	Six months ended December 31, 2014	Twelve months ended June 30, 2014
Total current assets	\$ 1,353,914	\$ 928,715
Total non-current assets	21,052,417	26,682,970
Total current liabilities	1,344,468	596,934
Total non-current liabilities	-	-
Net loss	(7,297,226)	(1,393,449)
Other comprehensive loss	(586,536)	(229,831)
Total comprehensive loss	(7,883,762)	(1,623,280)

### 10. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS

The Company assumed Sulliden's interests in the East Sullivan property. The East Sullivan property consists of 21 staked claim units referred to as the East Sullivan Property near Val D'Or Quebec. All claims are contiguous and 100% owned by the Company. The Company is maintaining these claims in good standing.

## Sulliden Mining Capital Inc.

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### 11. SHARE CAPITAL

#### a) Authorized

Unlimited number of voting common shares, without par value.

#### b) Issued

The change in issued share capital for the period presented was as follows:

	No. of Shares #	Stated Value \$
<b>Balance as at July 31, 2014</b>	1	1
Contribution from Sulliden Gold Corporation Ltd.	31,590,892	24,927,700
Shares issued for cash	4,999,959	1,999,983
Share issue expenses	-	(1,000)
Shares issued on exercise of options	272,000	81,560
Value of warrants issued	-	(468,081)
<b>Balance as at April 30, 2015</b>	<b>36,862,852</b>	<b>26,540,163</b>

On November 10, 2014, the Company closed a non-brokered private placement financing of 4,999,959 units at a price of \$0.40 per unit for proceeds of \$1,999,983. Each unit is comprised of one common share and one-half of a share purchase warrant, with each whole warrant entitling the holder to acquire one common share at a price of \$0.50 at any time within the five years following closing. The grant date fair value of the warrants was estimated to be \$468,081 using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: expected dividend yield of 0%; expected volatility of 85%; risk-free interest rate of 0.98% and an expected average life of 5 years. On November 10, 2014, directors of the Company subscribed for 1,994,459 units for proceeds of \$797,784.

### 12. SHARE PURCHASE WARRANT RESERVE

	Number of Warrants #	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Value \$
<b>Balance as at July 31, 2014</b>	-	-	-
Issuance from private placement	2,499,979	\$0.50	468,081
<b>Balance as at April 30, 2015</b>	<b>2,499,979</b>	<b>\$0.50</b>	<b>468,081</b>

On April 12, 2015, 1,887,640 warrants expired unexercised. Their value of \$4,409 was reallocated to deficit on expiry.

### 13. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT RESERVE

	Share Purchase Options	Restricted Share Units	Total Reserve
<b>Balance as at July 31, 2014</b>	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Share-based payments allocated to:			
Expenses	394,879	1,036,127	1,431,006
Purchase 2,840,000 common share of the Company for issuance of RSU	-	(1,756,629)	(1,756,629)
<b>Balance as at April 30, 2015</b>	<b>\$ 394,879</b>	<b>\$ (720,502)</b>	<b>\$ (325,623)</b>

## Sulliden Mining Capital Inc.

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### 13. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT RESERVE (continued)

The share-based payments recorded on the condensed interim statements of operations and comprehensive loss for the three and nine months ended April 30, 2015 are presented in detail below.

Share-based payments	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
	April 30,		April 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Share purchase options	\$ 10,435	\$ -	\$ 394,879	\$ -
Restricted share units	166,451	-	1,036,127	-
Deferred share units	5,870	-	49,234	-
	\$ 182,756	\$ -	\$ 1,480,240	-

#### Share purchase options

The Company adopted a stock option plan ("Plan"), pursuant to which the Company may grant up to that number of stock options that equals 10% of the number of issued and outstanding common shares of the Company at the time of the stock option grant, from time to time. The Plan provides that the Company cannot grant stock options to any one person representing more than 5% of the outstanding common shares of the Company. The terms and conditions of each option granted under the Plan will be determined by the Board, upon the recommendations of the Compensation Committee. Options will be priced in the context of the market and in compliance with applicable securities laws and Exchange guidelines. Consequently, the exercise price for any stock option shall not be lower than the closing market price of the common shares on the Exchange on the last business day immediately preceding the date of grant. Vesting terms will be determined at the discretion of the Board. The Board shall also determine the term of stock options granted under the Plan, provided that no stock option shall be outstanding for a period greater than five years. Directors, officers, employees and certain consultants shall be eligible to receive stock options under the Plan. Upon the termination of an optionholder's engagement with the Company, the cancellation or early vesting of any stock option shall be at the discretion of the Board.

The change in share purchase options during the period presented was as follows:

	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price
<b>Balance as at July 31, 2014</b>	-	
Contribution from Sulliden Gold Corporation Ltd.	2,094,430	\$0.48
Granted	1,055,000	\$0.45
Exercised	(272,000)	\$0.30
<b>Balance as at April 30, 2015</b>	<b>2,877,430</b>	<b>\$0.49</b>

## Sulliden Mining Capital Inc.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements

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(Unaudited, expressed in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted)

### 13. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT RESERVE (continued)

The following table summarizes information on share purchase options outstanding as at April 30, 2015:

Exercise Price	Expiry Date	Number Outstanding	Number Exercisable	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life
\$0.28	August 22, 2015	242,000	242,000	0.31
\$0.57	November 8, 2015	10,000	10,000	0.53
\$0.57	November 19, 2015	313,000	313,000	0.56
\$0.88	January 18, 2016	8,000	8,000	0.72
\$0.89	January 26, 2016	15,000	15,000	0.74
\$0.71	July 20, 2016	349,000	349,000	1.22
\$0.58	January 11, 2017	377,900	377,900	1.70
\$0.54	September 14, 2017	2,000	2,000	2.38
\$0.34	December 14, 2017	164,930	164,930	2.63
\$0.36	February 5, 2018	100,000	100,000	2.77
\$0.36	February 8, 2018	5,000	5,000	2.78
\$0.39	September 12, 2018	235,600	235,600	3.37
\$0.46	September 17, 2019	1,005,000	1,005,000	4.39
\$0.25	March 30, 2020	50,000	50,000	4.92
	Total	2,877,430	2,877,430	2.61

Fair value of share purchase options granted:

The following table summarizes information on share purchase options issued for the period ended April 30, 2015, including the related fair value at grant date. The fair value of these options was estimated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model as at the date of grant assuming a 5 year term to maturity, expected dividend yield and forfeiture rate of 0%, with expected volatility and a risk free interest rate as noted below:

Date of Grant	Expiry	Share Purchase Options Granted	Exercise Price	Expected Volatility	Risk Free Interest Rate	Fair value at grant date
September 17, 2014	September 17, 2019	1,005,000	\$ 0.46	84%	1.72%	\$ 384,444
March 30, 2015	March 30, 2020	50,000	\$ 0.25	123%	0.78%	\$ 10,435
Total		1,055,000				\$ 394,879

The Company granted 1,055,000 share purchase options to employees and consultants to acquire 1,055,000 of the Company's shares at a weighted average exercise price of \$0.45 per share. These options vested immediately.

#### **Restricted Share Unit and Deferred Share Unit Incentive Plans**

On September 17, 2014, the Company adopted a Restricted Share Unit ("RSU") Incentive Plan and a Deferred Share Unit ("DSU") Incentive Plan:

The Company granted and issued an aggregate of 3,000,000 RSUs to officers and employees. Each RSU entitles an officer or an employee of the Company to receive one common share of the Company to be purchased in the secondary market by an independent trustee upon the vesting of such RSU, subject to acceleration upon a change of control of the Company. The 3,000,000 RSUs vest in three equal tranches, on each of January 1, 2015, January 1, 2016 and January 1, 2017. The fair value of the RSUs has been determined to be \$0.55 per unit.

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### 13. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT RESERVE (continued)

On September 17, 2014, the Company granted and issued an aggregate of 750,000 DSUs to the Company's independent directors. Each DSU entitles the holder to receive a cash payment equal to the market price of one common share of the Company. The DSUs vest based on the pro-rata number of days each independent director remains a director of the Company until January 1, 2017, except in the event of an earlier change of control, in which case, the DSUs will vest fully upon such change of control.

On March 30, 2015, 250,000 DSUs were granted and issued to an independent director of the Company, entitling the holder to receive a cash payment equal to the market price of one common share of the Company. These DSUs vest based on the pro-rata number of days the independent director remains a director of the Company until March 30, 2018, except in the event of a change of control in which case, the DSUs will vest fully upon such change of control.

During the period ended April 30, 2015, 143,308 DSUs vested and entitled the holders to receive a cash payment of \$35,827 equal to an average market price of \$0.25 for each DSU. This amount is recorded as a liability on the condensed interim statements of financial position. An additional 31,921 DSUs also vested and \$13,407 was paid in cash during the period upon the resignation of a director of the Company.

Details of RSUs and DSUs granted and outstanding are summarized in the table below and reflects the number of RSUs and DSUs that may vest based on conditions existing as at April 30, 2015:

	RSU		Non-vested	DSU	
	Non-vested	Vested		Forfeited	Vested
<b>Balance as at July 31, 2014</b>	-	-	-	-	-
Initial award issued	2,000,000	1,000,000	606,692	218,079	175,229
<b>Balance as at April 30, 2015</b>	2,000,000	1,000,000	606,692	218,079	175,229

Upon vesting, the Company is obligated to deliver to the holders of the RSUs 1,000,000 common shares of the Company on each of January 1, 2015, January 1, 2016 and January 1, 2017.

For the three and nine months ended April 30, 2015, share-based compensation expense of \$166,451 and \$1,036,127 was recognized for the RSU respectively and \$5,870 and \$49,234 was recognized for the DSU incentive plan, respectively.

### 14. GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
	April 30,		April 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
General and office	\$ 62,496	1,073	\$ 141,196	\$ 2,938
Shareholders' information	12,681	-	34,816	-
Travel and accommodation	60,269	-	187,390	-
Regulatory and filing fees	13,858	-	82,528	-
	\$ 149,304	1,073	\$ 445,930	\$ 2,938

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### 15. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company considers its capital structure to consist of share capital, warrants and share purchase options. The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments based on the funds available to support the acquisition, exploration and development of its mineral properties. The board of directors has not established quantitative return on capital criteria for management and relies on the expertise of management and the board of directors to sustain future development of the business.

The management and board of directors of the Company review its capital management approach on an ongoing basis and believe it reflects a reasonable approach given the relative size of the Company's assets. The Company and its subsidiaries are not subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

### 16. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial assets and financial liabilities as April 30, 2015 and July 31, 2014 were as follows:

	<b>Assets at fair value through profit or loss</b>	<b>Other financial liabilities</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>As at April 30, 2015</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,314,289	-	\$ 1,314,289
Fixed-income investment	13,751,540	-	13,751,540
Investments	6,891,878	-	6,891,878
Loans receivable	185,996	-	185,996
Amounts receivable and other	26,644	-	26,644
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	-	159,774	159,774

	<b>Assets at fair value through profit or loss</b>	<b>Other financial liabilities</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>As at July 31, 2014</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1	-	\$ 1

#### *Fair value hierarchy*

The three levels of the fair value hierarchy with respect to required disclosures about the inputs to fair value measurements are:

- Level 1 – Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly; and,
- Level 3 – Inputs that are not based on observable market data.

## Sulliden Mining Capital Inc.

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### 16. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

The following table sets forth the Company's financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value by level within the fair value hierarchy as at April 30, 2015.

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
<b>As at April 30, 2015</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ 1,314,289	\$ -
Fixed-income investment	-	13,751,540	-
Investments	6,154,779	737,099	-
Loans receivable	-	185,996	-
Amounts receivable and other	-	26,644	-

The carrying value of cash and cash equivalents, loans receivable, amounts receivable and other, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities reflected in the condensed interim statement of financial position approximate fair value because of the relatively short-term maturities.

#### *Interest rate risk*

As at April 30, 2015, the Company held guaranteed investment certificates of \$13,751,540 subject to early redemption rights and earning income at an average rate of 1.35%. These investments bear interest at fixed rates subject to change for earlier maturities. As well, the loans receivable of \$185,996 bear interest at fixed rates. The Company received the interest related to these loans of \$306 during the period ended April 30, 2015 and received \$2,847 subsequent to April 30, 2015. All other financial assets are non-interest bearing. A 1% increase in interest rates, based on the balance of cash, cash equivalents and fixed income investments at April 30, 2015, would result in an increase in annual interest income of approximately \$150,000. All liabilities as at April 30, 2015 are non-interest bearing.

#### *Foreign currency risk*

The Company operates in Canada and its functional currency is the Canadian dollar and major purchases are transacted in Canadian dollars. The Company has acquired some investments, including its investment in an associate, which are denominated in foreign currency. Management believes the foreign exchange risk derived from currency conversions is negligible and therefore does not hedge its foreign exchange risk.

#### *Credit risk*

The Company's credit risk is primarily attributable to cash and cash equivalents, fix-income investments, loans receivable and amounts receivable. The Company has no significant concentration of credit risk arising from operations. However, the statement of financial position as of April 30, 2015 included loans receivable of \$185,996; therefore the Company is exposed to the risk that third parties that owe it money will not perform their underlying obligations.

Cash and cash equivalents and fix-income investment consist of cash and GICs held in financial institutions from which management believes the risk of loss to be remote. Financial instruments included in amounts receivable consist primarily of goods and services tax and harmonized sales tax due from the Federal Government of Canada and advances.

#### *Liquidity risk*

As at April 30, 2015, the Company had net working capital of \$22,055,986, which included cash and cash equivalents of \$1,314,289, fixed income investments of \$13,751,540, a loan receivable of \$185,996, investments of \$6,891,878 and amounts receivable and prepaid expenses of \$72,057, offset by current liabilities of \$159,774. The Company expects to rely on its existing net working capital to finance its ongoing planned activities.

## Sulliden Mining Capital Inc.

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### 16. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

#### Price risk

The Company is exposed to price risk with respect to commodity prices. Commodity prices fluctuate on a daily basis and are affected by numerous factors beyond the Company's control. The supply and demand for commodities, the level of interest rates, the rate of inflation, investment decisions by large holders of commodities including governmental reserves and stability of exchange rates can all cause significant fluctuations in commodities prices. Such external economic factors are in turn influenced by changes in international investment patterns and monetary systems and political developments.

### 17. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The Company entered into the following transactions in the ordinary course of business with related parties that are not subsidiaries of the Company.

#### Related party balances

The Company shares office space, resources and certain services with other corporations that may have common directors and/or officers. The costs associated with these services are administered by 2227929 Ontario Inc. For the three and nine months ended April 30, 2015, the Company was charged \$51,609 and \$119,009 respectively for its proportionate share of these services.

#### Compensation of key management personnel of the Company

The remuneration of directors and other members of key management personnel were as follows:

	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
	April 30,		April 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Management salaries and fees	\$ 239,000	\$ -	\$ 653,611	\$ -
Directors fees	48,527	-	48,527	-
Share-based payments	42,487	-	913,460	-
	\$ 330,014	\$ -	\$ 1,615,598	\$ -

In accordance with IAS 24, key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company directly or indirectly, including any directors (executive and non-executive) of the Company. The remuneration of directors and key executives is determined by the Board of Directors of the Company having regard to the performance of individuals and market trends.

During the nine months ended April 30, 2015, the Company made investments in certain public resource and other sector companies by purchasing shares of related parties entities, related by virtue of the relationship with common directors.

Public Issuer	Security description	Cost	Estimated Fair value
Belo Sun Mining Corporation	9,960,222 common shares	\$ 3,024,381	\$ 2,732,044
Aberdeen International Inc.	4,790,000 common shares and warrants	958,000	791,093
Kombat Copper Inc.	4,000,000 common shares and warrants	200,000	560,821
		\$ 4,182,381	\$ 4,083,958

  

Public Issuer	Security Description	Cost	Value on April 7, 2015
Agua Resources Ltd.	46,222,913 common shares	\$2,223,853	\$1,985,806

## **Sulliden Mining Capital Inc.**

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements

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### **17. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (Continued)**

The Company's investment in associate, Aguia, is a related party by virtue of a common director, Mr. Justin Reid.

Directors of the Company subscribed for 1,994,459 units for proceeds of \$797,784 of the November 2014 finance.

The loan receivable disclosed on Note 8(a) is with a related party.

### **18. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

The Company is party to certain management contracts. These contracts contain minimum commitments of approximately \$899,000 (as at July 31, 2014 - \$nil) and additional contingent payments of approximately \$4,008,000 (as at July 31, 2014 - \$nil) upon the occurrence of a change of control. As the likelihood of a change of control is not determinable, the contingent payments have not been reflected in these condensed interim financial statements.

### **19. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

(i) In May 2015, the Company's agreement to acquire the outstanding shares of Coastal Gold was terminated. The Company received a termination fee of \$250,000 as a result of this termination. As well, the loan receivable plus accrued interest from Coastal Gold was repaid.

ii) The Company sold certain investments in May 2015 for proceeds of approximately \$236,000. As well, the Company acquired new investments at a cost of approximately \$1,243,000.

iii) The Company increased its equity interest in Aguia to 16.84% by acquiring 4,150,940 shares of Aguia in June 2015.